

Code: analysis, bugs, and security
supported by Bitdefender

Obfuscation

Marius Minea

marius@cs.upt.ro

2 November 2016

Obfuscation: what and why

Obfuscation = make code difficult to understand
but retain functionality (equivalent to original program)

prevent reverse engineering

protect intellectual property

tamperproofing

Obfuscation can add *variability*

watermarking: trace origin of copies

prevent malware detection

but also protect against systematic attacks

Fred Cohen: Operating System Protection Through Program Evolution, 1992

Just for fun

The International Obfuscated C Code Contest

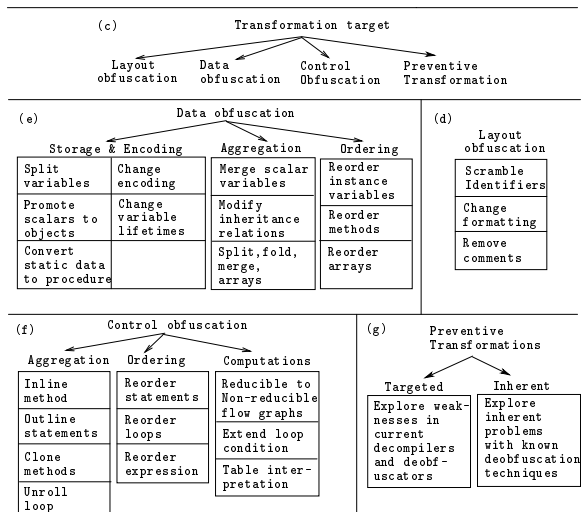
<http://www.ioccc.org/>

Best one-liner 2015: Visual factorization

```
f(y,x){int m,z;for(m=z=1;m*m<=y;z=y%m?z:m:x+1?z<2?y&&f(x,0):f(z,x),putchar(x?10:32<<!y),y-=z*!!y:(f(z,y/z),0);)m++;}
main(y){f(y-1,-1);}
```

```
./a.out @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @ @
@ @ @ @
@ @ @ @
```

Transformations for Obfuscation



Collberg, Thomborson, Low: A Taxonomy of Obfuscating Transformations, 1997

Evaluating Obfuscations

Criteria:

potency

To what degree is a human reader confused?

resilience

How well are automated deobfuscation attacks resisted ?

cost

How much space/time overhead is added ?

stealth

How well does obfuscated code blend in with original code ?

Collberg, Thomborson, Low, 1998

Complexity metrics

METRIC	METRIC NAME	CITATION
μ_1	Program Length $E(P)$ increases with the number of operators and operands in P .	Halstead [8]
μ_2	Cyclomatic Complexity $E(F)$ increases with the number of predicates in F .	McCabe [20]
μ_3	Nesting Complexity $E(F)$ increases with the nesting level of conditionals in F .	Harrison [9]
μ_4	Data Flow Complexity $E(F)$ increases with the number of inter-basic block variable references in F .	Oviedo [23]
μ_5	Fan-in/out Complexity $E(F)$ increases with the number of formal parameters to F , and with the number of global data structures read or updated by F .	Henry [10]
μ_6	Data Structure Complexity $E(P)$ increases with the complexity of the static data structures declared in P . The complexity of a scalar variable is constant. The complexity of an array increases with the number of dimensions and with the complexity of the element type. The complexity of a record increases with the number and complexity of its fields.	Munson [21]
μ_7	OO Metric $E(C)$ increases with (μ_7^a) the number of methods in C , (μ_7^b) the depth (distance from the root) of C in the inheritance tree, (μ_7^c) the number of direct subclasses of C , (μ_7^d) the number of other classes to which C is coupled ^a , (μ_7^e) the number of methods that can be executed in response to a message sent to an object of C , (μ_7^f) the degree to which C 's methods do not reference the same set of instance variables. Note: μ_7^f measures <i>cohesion</i> ; i.e. how strongly related the elements of a module are.	Chidamber [3]

Collberg, Thomborson, Low, 1998

Opaque constructs

should be easy to create, hard to analyze

opaque variable: has a property known a priori to the obfuscator, but hard to deduce otherwise

always constant value at some point, divisible by 7, etc.

opaque predicate:

outcome known at obfuscation time, hard to determine otherwise from problems in math, number theory, etc.

Advanced obfuscation

- control flow flattening (switch/automaton-style)

- make building call graph hard

 - insert calls through function pointers

- introduce aliasing – alias analysis is hard

- jumps through branch functions (change return address)

Virtualize

 - encode program in virtual instruction set

 - combine with interpreter

 - vary instruction set, even at runtime

 - multi-level emulation

Deobfuscation

Obfuscation-specific

identify control flow (branches)

memory accesses: write then execute (for unpackers)

find virtual program counter \Rightarrow reverse-engineer emulator

General

perform taint analysis (data flow)

compute input-output mapping

Obfuscation tools

Code Virtualizer <http://oreans.com/codevirtualizer.php>

ExeCryptor <http://www.strongbit.com/execryptor.asp>

Themida <http://www.oreans.com/themida.php>

VMProtect <http://vmpsoft.com/>

Tigress: <http://tigress.cs.arizona.edu/>

source-based transformations, using CIL infrastructure
+ virtualizer, JIT, and dynamic JIT

Obfuscator-LLVM:

<https://github.com/obfuscator-llvm/obfuscator>